

Wysokość CD trójkąta ABC ma długość 20 i tworzy z boki AC kąt  $\alpha$ , taki, że  $\sin \alpha = 1/3$ , a z boki BC kąt  $\beta$  taki, że  $\tan \beta = 2$ . Wyznacz obwód trójkąta.



$$\tan \beta = \frac{\sin \beta}{\cos \beta} = 2$$

$$\sin \beta = 2 \cos \beta$$

$$\sin^2 \beta + \cos^2 \beta = 1$$

$$(2 \cos \beta)^2 + \cos^2 \beta = 1$$

$$4 \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \beta = 1$$

$$5 \cos^2 \beta = 1 \quad | :5$$

$$\cos^2 \beta = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\cos \beta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$\frac{DB}{20} = \tan \beta$$

$$\frac{DB}{20} = 2 \quad | \cdot 20$$

$$DB = 40$$

$$\frac{20}{CB} = \cos \beta$$

$$\frac{20}{CB} = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$\sqrt{5} CB = 5 \cdot 20$$

$$\sqrt{5} CB = 100 \quad | : \sqrt{5}$$

$$CB = \frac{100 \cdot \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5} \cdot \sqrt{5}}$$

$$CB = \frac{100\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

$$CB = 20\sqrt{5}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^2 + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{9} + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = 1 - \frac{1}{9}$$

$$\cos^2 \alpha = \frac{8}{9}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \sqrt{\frac{8}{9}}$$

$$\cos \alpha = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$\frac{20}{AC} = \cos \alpha$$

$$\frac{20}{AC} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$2\sqrt{2} AC = 60 \quad | : 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$AC = \frac{30}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$AC = \frac{30 \cdot \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}}$$

$$AC = \frac{30\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$AC = 15\sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{AD}{AC} = \sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{AD}{15\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$AD = \frac{15\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$AD = 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$Obw = AD + DB + BC + CA$$

$$Ob = 5\sqrt{2} + 40 + 20\sqrt{5} + 15\sqrt{2}$$

$$Ob = 20\sqrt{2} + 20\sqrt{5} + 40$$

$$Ob = 20(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5} + 2)$$

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